## 

Miami, Florida

Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2015

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# Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (A charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc.) W/L #0332 23255 SW 115 Ave Miami, Florida 33032

2014-2015

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

David Concepcion, Board Chair Lourdes Isla, Vice-Chair, Director Ana Diaz, Director, Secretary Louis Marin, Director George B. Ozuna, Director Tony Morales, Student Alumni, Director Raul Martinez, Jr., Parent, Director Jenny Esquijarosa, Director

#### SCHOOL ADMINISTRATION

Kerry Ann O'Sullivan, Principal

#### OTHER NON-VOTING CORPORATE OFFICERS

Bernardo Montero, President

Suzette Ruiz, Vice-President



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (the "School"), a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprises the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

As described in Note 1, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present only the financial position of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms at June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, and is not intended to be a complete presentation of Somerset Academy, Inc. These financial statements do not purport to and do not present fairly the financial position of Somerset Academy, Inc. as of June 30, 2015 and its changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Required Supplementary Information

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 31, 2015, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 8 and 27 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (A Charter school Under Somerset Academy, Inc.)
June 30, 2015

The corporate officers of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms have prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the school's financial activities for the period ended June 30, 2015

#### Financial Highlights

- 1. The net position of the School at June 30, 2015 was \$2,276,898.
- 2. At year-end, the School had current assets on hand of \$583,509.
- 3. The School had an increase in its net position of \$257 for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- 4. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$64,758.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 are presented in accordance with GASB Codification Section 2200. The financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The difference is reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information on how the School's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event occurs without regard to the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9 - 10 of this report.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A "fund" is a collection of related accounts grouped to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities, projects, or objectives. The School like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and report compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the School are governmental funds. Government Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Government Fund financial statements, however, focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources which are available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be used to evaluate a government's requirements for near-term financing.

The Board of the School adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 - 15 of this report.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 26 of this report.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a charter school's financial position. In the case of the School, the net position was \$2,276,898 at the close of the fiscal year. A summary of the School's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 415,098	\$ 522,259
Prepaid expenses	153,229	123,078
Due from other agencies	15,182	24,333
Due from other charter schools - long term	159,192	657,513
Capital assets, net	2,368,391	1,188,398
Total Assets	3,111,092	2,515,581
Deferred outflows of resources	-	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	146,864	107,744
Due to other chater schools	100,000	131,196
Long term liabilities	587,330	
Total Liabilities	834,194	238,940
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables	1,940,253	1,845,911
Restricted by lease agreement	218,658	207,267
Unrestricted	117,987	223,463
Total Net Position	\$ 2,276,898	\$ 2,276,641

At the end of both years, the School is able to report positive balances in its net position.

A summary and analysis of the School's revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	2015	2014	
REVENUES			
Program Revenues			
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 353,669	\$ 347,192	
Capital Outlay Funding	241,498	327,269	
Lunch Program	17,466	47,470	
Charges for Services	-	204,313	
General Revenues			
Local Sources(FTE non specific)	3,748,426	3,708,230	
Other Revenues	12,104_	74,989	
Total Revenues	\$ 4,373,163	\$ 4,709,463	
EXPENSES			
Component Unit Activities:			
Instruction	\$ 1,823,184	\$ 1,769,723	
Instructional media services	-	4,373	
Instructional staff training	6,105	5,647	
Board	47,230	22,663	
School administration	717,701	762,260	
Facilities acquisition	73,438	45,309	
Fiscal services	93,000	94,800	
Food services	226,722	214,267	
Central services	99,852	107,392	
Operation of plant	1,196,586	1,296,521	
Maintenance of plant	78,508	63,282	
Community Services	10,580	196,207	
Total Expenses	4,372,906	4,582,444	
Increase in Net Position	257	127,019	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	2,276,641	2,149,622	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 2,276,898	\$ 2,276,641	

The School's revenue decreased by \$336,300 and their expenses decreased by \$209,538 in the current year. The School's student enrollment decreased by approximately 8 students.

#### School Location and Lease of Facility

The School leases a facility located at 23255 SW 115<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Miami, FL 33032

#### **Capital Improvement Requirements**

The School maintains a continuous capital improvements program to enhance facilities and update fixtures and equipment as required.

#### **School Enrollment**

This past year, the School had approximately 617 students enrolled in grades kindergarten through eighth.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUND

As noted earlier, the School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the School's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing needs. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Most of the School's operations are funded in the General Fund. The majority of the General Fund revenues are distributed to the School by the District through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which uses formulas to distribute state funds and an amount of local property taxes (i.e., required local effort) established each year by the Florida Legislature. At the end of the fiscal year, the School's governmental general fund reported ending fund balance of \$436,645. The fund balance unassigned and available for spending at the School's discretion is \$64,758. These funds will be available for the School's future ongoing operations.

#### Achievements

In 2015, Somerset Academy Silver Palms completed its eighth year of operation serving 623 students in grades 3-8. To date, the State of Florida has not released school grades for the 2014-2015 school year. Last year, the school earned a letter grade of "A" and ranked among the highest performing K-8 public schools in Miami-Dade County.

This past year, Somerset Academy students participated in various community service projects and fundraisers such as the Scholastic Book Fair, United Way, World's Finest Chocolates, and McDonalds Teacher Night. As a community we came together and held our first annual Harvest Festival. Students also got to participate in school-wide productions such as the Holiday Show, Somerset's Got Talent show, Music in School Show, End of Year Show, Career Day, Hispanic Heritage Show, Black History Month Show, and Spring Show. It was the first Harvest Festival

With a core philosophy combining high expectations for both students and teachers, Somerset Academy also stresses character development and self-esteem. The school provides its students with a rigorous curriculum, as well as an extra-curricular program of activities, including team sports and over 25 active school clubs including -Student Council, Guitar Club, Art Club, Dance, Cheerleading, Spanish, National Junior Honor Society, Robotics Club, Recycling Club, Environmental Club, Safety Patrol, Future Educators of America, Newspaper Club, Future City, Math Club, Science Club, and Do It Yourself Club. Somerset students have also competed in many athletic and academic competitions, including the Somerset Spelling Bee, the Future City Competition and several Robotics Competitions.

The facilities of Somerset Academy Silver Palms have also been recognized nationally for "Outstanding Elementary and Middle School Building Design" in The American School and University Magazine, a national publication on educational facilities.

As a member of the Somerset Academy network of high quality charter schools, Somerset Academy Silver Palms is fully accredited by AdvancED under the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Council on Accreditation and School Improvement (SACS-CASI) division. As with all the schools within the network, Somerset Academy Silver Palms places high expectations for student learning and offers multiple opportunities for all students to acquire requisite knowledge, skills, and attitudes in a safe and nurturing environment. Key to achieving successful learning for all students is the school's implementation of research—based instructional strategies by a highly qualified instructional staff, and the use of innovative resources in a technology-rich setting.

#### Capital Assets

The School's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$2,368,391 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes furniture, fixtures and computer equipment. As of June 30, 2015, the School had no long term debt relating to capital assets.

#### Governmental Fund Budget Analysis and Highlights

Prior to the start of the School's fiscal year, the Board of the Charter School adopted an annual budget. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the School's budget.

	Governmental Fund			
	Original			
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES		<del></del>		
Program Revenues				
State capital outlay funding	\$ 185,250	\$ 240,000	\$ 241,498	
Federal sources	355,000	355,000	353,669	
Lunch program	25,000	16,000	17,466	
General Revenues				
FTE nonspecific revenues	3,697,646	3,745,000	3,748,426	
Charges and other revenues	-	12,000	12,104	
Total Revenues	4,262,896	4,368,000	4,373,163	
CURRENT EXPENDITURES				
Component Unit Activities				
Instruction	1,773,000	1,733,000	1,731,793	
Instructional staff training	7,000	7,000	6,105	
Board	50,000	48,000	47,230	
School administration	720,000	718,000	717,701	
Fiscal services	95,000	93,000	93,000	
Food services	217,000	221,000	220,475	
Central services	100,000	100,000	99,852	
Operation of plant	1,130,250	1,182,000	1,183,465	
Maintenance of plant	78,420	77,000	76,927	
Community Services	11,000	10,800	10,580	
Total Current Expenditures	\$ 4,181,670	\$ 4,189,800	\$ 4,187,128	

Most variances occurred as a result of the Budget adopted being more conservative than actual results for the year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the finances of the Charter School. Requests for additional information may be addressed to Ms. Ana Martinez at Academica Dade, LLC, 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida, 33143.

#### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Assets	Governmental activities
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses Due from other agencies	\$ 415,098 153,229 15,182 583,509
Due from other charter schools - long term	159,192
Capital assets, depreciable Less: accumulated depreciation	3,944,237 (1,575,846) 2,368,391
Total Assets	3,111,092
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Liabilities	
Current liabilities: Salaries and wages payable Total Current Liabilities	146,864 146,864
Due to other charter schools Long-term liabilities Total Long-term Liabilities	100,000 587,330 687,330
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position  Net investment in capital assets and long term receivables Restricted by lease agreement Unrestricted  Total Net Position	1,940,253 218,658 117,987 \$ 2,276,898

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2015

		P	rogram Reven	ues	
FUNCTIONS	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 1,823,184	\$ -	\$ 122,125	\$ -	\$ (1,701,059)
Instructional media services	-		-	-	-
Instructional staff training	6,105		-	-	(6,105)
Board	47,230	-	-	-	(47,230)
School administration	717,701	-	-	-	(717,701)
Facilities acquisition	73,438	-	-	-	(73,438)
Fiscal services	93,000	-	-	-	(93,000)
Food services	226,722	17,466	231,544	-	22,288
Central services	99,852	-	-	-	(99,852)
Operation of plant	1,196,586	-	-	241,498	(955,088)
Maintenance of plant	78,508	-	-	-	(78,508)
Community Services	10,580				(10,580)
Total governmental activities	4,372,906	17,466	353,669	241,498	(3,760,273)
	General reve	nues:			
	FTE nonspec				3,748,426
	Interest and o				12,104
	Change in ne	t position			257
	Net position,	beginning			2,276,641
	Net position,	ending			\$ 2,276,898

#### Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	Gen	eral Fund	S	Special	Gov	Total vernmental
			Reve	enue Fund		Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	415,098	\$	-	\$	415,098
Due from other agencies		-		15,182		15,182
Due from fund		15,182		-		15,182
Prepaid expenses		153,229		<u>-</u>		153,229
Total Assets		583,509		15,182		598,691
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		_				<del> </del>
<u>Liabilities</u>						146.064
Salaries and wages payable		146,864		-		146,864
Due to fund				15,182		15,182
Total Liabilities		146,864	. <del></del>	15,182		162,046
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				-	<del></del>	
Fund Balance						
Nonspendable, not in spendable form		153,229		-		153,229
Restricted		218,658		-		218,658
Unassigned		64,758				64,758
-		436,645		***		436,645
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balance	\$	583,509	\$	15,182	\$	598,691

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 436,645
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets of \$3,944,237 net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,575,846 used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund.	2,368,391
Long term liabilities in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	(687,330)
Long term receivables from other charter schools in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	 159,192
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	 2,276,898

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the year ended 
June 30, 2015

· ·			
	General Fund	Special	Total
		•	Governmental
		Revenue Fund	Funds
Revenues:			
State capital outlay funding	\$ -	\$ 241,498	\$ 241,498
State passed through local	3,748,426	- 11,150	3,748,426
Federal sources	z,, .c, . <u>.</u>	353,669	353,669
Lunch program	_	17,466	17,466
Charges for services and other revenue	12,104	-	12,104
Office of the services and other revende	12,101		12,101
Total Revenues	3,760,530	612,633	4,373,163
Expenditures:	- 3 3	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	· <b>,</b> · · · , · · ·
Current			
Instruction	1,609,668	122,125	1,731,793
Board	47,230	-	47,230
Instructional media services	17,250	_	-7,250
Instructional staff training	6,105	_	6,105
School administration	717,701		717,701
Facilities acquisition	/1/,/01	<del>-</del>	717,701
	93,000	-	93,000
Fiscal services	93,000	220,475	220,475
Food services	00.950	220,473	•
Central services	99,852	041 409	99,852
Operation of plant	941,967	241,498	1,183,465
Maintenance of plant	76,927	-	76,927
Community Services	10,580	_	10,580
Capital Outlay:	1 0 6 5 5 5 5 5		1 265 551
Other capital outlay	1,365,771		1,365,771
Total Expenditures	4,968,801	584,098	5,552,899
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(1,208,271)	28,535	(1,179,736)
Other financing sources (uses)	687,330		687,330
Transfers in (out)	28,535	(28,535)	007,550
	498,321	(20,333)	498,321
Receipts from long term receivables	498,321	<u> </u>	490,321
Net change in fund balance	5,915	-	5,915
Fund Balance at beginning of year	430,730		430,730
Fund Balance at end of year	\$ 436,645	\$ -	\$ 436,645

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures an Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds

\$ 5,915

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$1,365,771 exceeded depreciation expense of \$185,778.

1,179,993

Increase in long term payables is a resource in the governmental funds, but a increases of such increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which increase in long-term payable of \$687,330 exceeded repayments of \$- in the current period.

(687,330)

Increase in long term receivables is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a decrease or collections of such receivables reduces long-term assets in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which increase in long-term receivables of \$0 exceeded collections of \$498,321 in the current period.

(498,321)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

3 257

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

<u>Assets</u>	
Cash	\$ 95,562
Total Assets	95,562
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Liabilities	
Due to students and clubs	95,562
Total Liabilities	95,562
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Position	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Reporting Entity

Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (the "School"), is a charter school sponsored by the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "District"). The School's charter is held by Somerset Academy, Inc., a not-for-profit corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes, Not-For-Profit Corporation Act. The governing body of the School is the board of directors of Somerset Academy, Inc., which is composed of eight members and also governs other charter schools. The board of directors has determined that no component units exist that would require inclusion in the School's financial statements.

The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring district, the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida. The current charter expires on June 30, 2017 and is renewable for an additional term pursuant to law and/or by a mutual written agreement between the School and the District. At the end of the term of the charter, the District may choose not to renew the charter under the grounds specified in the charter in which case the District is required to notify the School in writing at least 90 days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the District may terminate the charter if good cause is shown.

The School is located in Miami, Florida for students from grades kindergarten through eighth and is funded by the District. These financial statements are for the year ended June 30, 2015, when approximately 617 students were enrolled for the school year.

#### Basis of presentation

The School's accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information about the School as a whole. Any internal interfund activity has been eliminated from these financial statements. Both statements report only governmental activities as the School does not engage in any business type activities. These statements also do not include fiduciary funds.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees; (2) operating grants such as the National School Lunch Program, Federal grants, and other state allocations; and (3) capital grants specific to capital outlay. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, equity, revenues and expenditures. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements:

General Fund - is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the school, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - accounts for specific revenue, such as capital outlay funding and federal lunch program that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Agency Fund – School's internal funds accounts for resources of the school's Internal Fund which is used to administer monies collected at the schools in connection with school, student activities, class, and club activities.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the School are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The School's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The School recognizes assets of non-exchange transactions in the period when the underlying transaction occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, or when all eligibility requirements are met.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenues are recognized, on the modified accrual basis, when they are measurable and available. Non-exchange transactions occur when the school provides (or receives) value to (from) another party without receiving (or giving) equal or nearly equal value in return. Most donations are examples of non-exchange transactions. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized on the accrual basis, in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) revenues are recognized when received. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Charges for services and fees are recognized when cash is collected as amounts are not measurable. When grant terms provide that the expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for federal, state, and other grant funds, revenue is recognized at the time the expenditure is made. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for long-term debt principal and interest which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Agency fund assets and liabilities are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

In compliance with Florida Statutes, the Board of Directors adopts an annual budget using the modified accrual basis of accounting. During the fiscal year, expenditures were controlled at the object level (e.g. salaries and benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies and capital outlay) within each activity (e.g. instruction, pupil personnel services and school administration). Revisions to the annual budget are approved by the Board.

#### Deposits and Investments

All deposits are held in major banks and high grade investments. The School has not adopted a formal investment policy; however the School invests excess deposit funds in collateralized repurchase agreements. Cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less. All deposits and investments in repurchase agreements are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

#### Inter-fund Transfers

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from" other funds. Inter-fund transfers are made to move any excess or shortage of funds derived from the National School Lunch Program from the Special Revenue Fund to the General Fund.

#### Due from Other Governments or Agencies

Amounts due to the School by other governments or agencies are for grants or programs under which the services have been provided by the School.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Capital Assets

The School's property, plant and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the statement of net position in the government-wide financial statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The School generally capitalizes assets with cost of \$500 or more. Building improvements, additions and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations. Estimated useful lives, in years, for depreciable assets are as follows:

Building & Improvements	20 Years
Furniture, Equipment and Software	5 Years
Textbooks	3 Years

#### Compensated Absences

The School grants a specific number of sick days. Full time instructional employees are eligible to one day per month to up to ten days of active work during the ten-month period (a "benefit year"). In the event that available time is not used by the end of the benefit year, employees may "rollover" all unused days for use in future benefit years. There is an opportunity to "cash out" unused sick days however, the employees may only cash out if they have used three days or less of their sick leave in that benefit year. Employees may not cash out more than ten days per school year and are required to always maintain a minimum of twenty-one unused days. The cash out value is eighty percent of their current daily rate. There is no termination payment for accumulated unused sick days.

GASB Codification Section C60, Accounting for Compensated Absences, provides that compensated absences that are contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee should be accounted for in the period those events take place. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include an accrual for sick days available to be used in future benefits years.

The School also provides certain days to be used for specific personal matters such as family death and jury duty. Because the use of such days is contingent upon those events taking place and such events are out of the control of both the employer and the employee, there is no accrual for such days.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Revenue Sources

Revenues for current operations are received primarily from the District pursuant to the funding provisions included in the School's charter. In accordance with the funding provisions of the charter and Section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, the School will report the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the District. Under the provisions of Section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, the District reports the number of the full-time equivalent (FTE) students and related data to the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) for funding through the FEFP. Funding for the School is adjusted during the year to reflect the revised calculations by the FDOE under the FEFP and the actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the School during the designated full-time equivalent student survey periods. After review and verification of FTE reports and supporting documentation, the FDOE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of FEFP funding for prior year errors disclosed by its review as well as to prevent statewide allocations from exceeding the amount authorized by the Legislature. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the adjustment is made.

In addition, the School receives state funds through the District under charter school capital outlay funding pursuant to Section 1013.62, Florida Statutes. Funds are based on a capital outlay plan submitted to the District and are to be used for lease of school facilities.

Finally, the School also receives Federal awards for the enhancement of various educational programs. Federal awards are generally received based on applications submitted to and approved by various granting agencies. For Federal awards in which a claim to these grant proceeds is based on incurring eligible expenditures, revenue is recognized to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred. Any excess amounts are recorded as deferred revenues until expended. Additionally, other revenues may be derived from various fundraising activities and certain other programs.

#### Net Position and Fund balance classifications

Government-wide financial statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three (3) components:

- a) Net investment in capital assets and long-term receivables consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition or improvement of those assets and long-term receivables.
- b) <u>Restricted net position</u> consists of balances with constraints placed on their use either by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position of the School relate to reserves required by the landlord for property maintenance and repairs.
- c) <u>Unrestricted net position</u> all other balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets and long term receivables."

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Fund financial statements

Under GASB Codification Section 1800.142, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- a) Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Consists of fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- b) Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance of the School relate to reserves required by the landlord for property maintenance and repairs.
- c) Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School's Board of Directors. There are no committed fund balances at year end.
- d) <u>Assigned</u> fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School's management for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. There are no assigned fund balances at year end.
- e) <u>Unassigned</u> portion of the fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose. This is the residual classification for the School's general fund.

#### Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

The School's policy is to apply expenditures against non-spendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year by adjusting journal entries. First Non-spendable fund balances are determined. Then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (not including non-spendable amounts). Then any remaining fund balance amounts for the non-general funds are classified as restricted fund balance. It is possible for the non-general funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when non-spendable amounts plus the restricted fund balances for specific purposes amounts exceed the positive fund balance for the non-general fund.

#### Income Taxes

Somerset Academy, Inc. qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3), and is, therefore, exempt from income tax. Accordingly, no tax provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Subsequent Events

In accordance with GASB Codification Section 2250.106, the School has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through August 31, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Note 2 – Capital Assets

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets, acquired substantially with public funds, for the period ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance 07/01/14	Additions	Transfers	Balance 06/30/15
Capital Assets: Construction in progress, non- depreciable Land, buildings and improvements Computer equipment and software	\$ 309,174 834,655 138,273	\$ - 1,595,909 11,913	\$ (309,174)	\$ - 2,430,564 150,186
Furniture, equipment and textbooks  Total Capital Assets	1,296,363 \$ 2,578,465	67,123 \$ 1,674,945	\$ (309,174)	1,363,486 \$ 3,944,236
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Buildings and improvements Computer equipment and software Furniture, equipment and textbooks	(194,595) (103,615) (1,091,857) (1,390,067)	(56,036) (19,595) (110,147) (185,778)	- - -	(250,631) (123,210) (1,202,004) (1,575,845)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 1,188,398	\$ 1,489,167	\$ (309,174)	\$ 2,368,391

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, depreciation expense is allocated in the Statement of Activities by function as follows:

Instruction	\$ 91,391
Facilities acquisition	73,438
Food service	6,247
Operation of plant	13,121
Maintenance of plant	1,581
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 185,778

#### Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

The School maintains its cash and cash equivalents in major banks and in high grade investments. As of June 30, 2015, the bank balance of the School's deposits and investments was \$1,117,569; of which \$597,569 consisted of bank balances and \$520,000 was fully collateralized under a repurchase agreement with Regions Bank (the "Bank").

Deposits at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to \$250,000 per depositor, per financial institution. The School is a charter school under Somerset Academy, Inc., which also operates various other charter schools. All bank accounts are opened under the account ownership of Somerset Academy, Inc., therefore, bank balances at times may potentially be in excess of FDIC coverage. As of June 30, 2015, bank balances in potential excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$597,569; including fiduciary account bank balances.

#### Investments and Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2015, all of the School's investments in repurchase agreements were held as part of the Bank's investment portfolio.

The School has not formally approved an investment policy regarding custodial credit risk; however it mitigates its credit risk risk by maintaining excess funds available in overnight repurchase agreements. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are secured obligations collateralized by securities that include: non-callable U.S. Government and Agency Securities; Callable and Structured Agency Securities; Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities guaranteed by a federal agency, Bonds issued by government sponsored enterprises, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae. Amounts invested in repurchase agreements are not insured by the FDIC and are subject to investment risks, including possible loss of principal invested, and if the Bank fails the School will become a secured creditor and may become an unsecured general creditor to the extent the market value of the securities used as collateral falls below the outstanding amount of repurchase obligations to the School.

#### Note 4 – Education Services and Support Provider Agreement

Academica Dade, LLC, a professional education service and support provider, offers management and administrative services to the School including, but not limited to, facility design, staffing recommendations, human resource coordination, regulatory compliance, legal and corporate upkeep, maintenance of the books and records, bookkeeping, budgeting and financial reporting and virtual education services. The agreement calls for a fee on a per student basis. The agreement is with Somerset Academy, Inc. for a period of five years, through June 30, 2016, and unless terminated by the board shall be renewed along with any renewals to the charter agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School incurred approximately \$279,000 in fees.

Academica Dade, LLC is located at 6340 Sunset Drive, Miami, Florida 33143 and its officers are:

Fernando Zulueta, President Magdalena Fresen, Vice President & Treasurer Ignacio Zulueta, Vice President Collette Papa, Secretary

#### Note 5 – Transactions with other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc.

The School shares its facility with Somerset Academy Charter High School and Somerset Academy High School (South Campus) (charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc.). As a result, certain activities such as fundraising activities are recorded in the books of the School and not in those of the other charter schools. During the year, Somerset Academy Charter High School and Somerset Academy High School (South Campus) also paid \$538,581 and \$46,312, respectively in rent payments directly to the landlord. The School also has long-term receivables from Somerset Arts for \$31,808 and Somerset Preparatory Academy at Silver Palms for \$127,384 and a long-term payable to Somerset Academy Charter High School for \$100,000. These are School's under Somerset Academy, Inc.

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/14	Additions	Deletions	06/30/15
Somerset Preparatory Silver Palms	\$ 378,580		\$ 251,196	\$ 127,384
Somerset City Arts	131,808		100,000	31,808
Somerset Coral Gables	147,125		147,125	
Total Long Term Receivables	\$ 657,513	\$ -	\$ 498,321	\$ 159,192
•	Balance 07/01/14	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/15
Somerset High Dade (LT)	\$ -	\$ 100,000		\$ 100,000
Somerset Preparatory Silver Palms	\$ 131,196	\$ 316,444	\$ 447,640	\$ -
Somerset Inc.		\$ 160,480	\$ 160,480	\$ -
	\$ 131,196	\$ 576,924	\$ 608,120	\$ 100,000

#### Note 5 - Transactions with other divisions of Somerset Academy, Inc. (continued)

Somerset Academy, Inc. (the "Corporation") charges an assessment to all of its affiliated schools for shared corporate costs and accreditation expenses. During 2015, the School paid \$61,850 to the Corporation for these shared costs.

The School's lunch program is shared with various schools. Revenues and expenses related to such program have been allocated based on FTE equivalent for purposes of presentation in the financial statements.

Finally, the School paid approximately \$11,594 to Somerset Virtual Academy (a school under Somerset Academy, Inc.), for the use of its education technology.

#### Note 6 – Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations

The school shares its facility with Somerset Academy Charter High School and Somerset Academy High School (South Campus) (charter schools under Somerset Academy, Inc.). Somerset Academy at Silver Palms entered into a lease and security agreement with Southwestern Grant, LLC (the "Landlord") for its 70,685 square feet building including all ancillary facilities, outdoor areas and other improvements. The Landlord is an affiliate of the School's educational service provider (See Note 4). Initial fixed annual payments under this agreement (based on \$19.10 per square foot) are approximately \$1,350,084 adjusted annually based on the Consumer Price Index ("CPI") plus additional property costs including repairs, maintenance and insurance. The agreement continues through July 31, 2027 with an option to renew for an additional five-year term. Under the agreement, the School must meet certain covenants and requirements, including a "Lease Payment Coverage Ratio" of not less than 1.10 to 1.00 and maintaining a reserve for property expenses such as repairs, maintenance, taxes or insurance. Finally, under this agreement the School has granted a first lien on its pledged revenues, which include all revenues collected by the school from the Florida Department of Education, the District, and all other sources.

Lease payments are allocated between the three schools based on enrollment and usage of facility. The allocation used for 2015, was 62% for the School, 35% for Somerset Academy Charter High School and 3% for Somerset Academy High School (South Campus). For 2015, rent expense totaled \$962,301, of which approximately \$962,000 related to facility lease. The School had prepaid rent expense of approximately \$80,336 at June 30, 2015. Future minimum payments for the full lease are as follows:

Year		
2016	1,554,891	
2017	1,554,891	
2018	1,554,891	
2019	1,554,891	
2020	1,554,891	
2021-2025	7,774,455	(total for five year period)
2026-2027	3,109,782	(total for two year period)

#### Note 6 - Commitments, Contingencies and Concentrations (continued)

#### Contingencies

The School receives substantially all of its funding from the District under the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), which is based in part on a computation of the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) students attending different instructional programs. The accuracy of FTE student data submitted by individual schools and used in the FEFP computations is subject to audit by the state and, if found to be in error, could result in refunds to the state or in decreases to future funding allocations. Additionally, the School participates in a number of federal, state and local grants which are subject to financial and compliance audits. It is the opinion of management that the amount of revenue, if any, which may be remitted back to the state due to errors in the FTE student data or the amount of grant expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies would not be material to the financial position of the School.

The School participates in a number of Federal and State grant programs which are subject to audit in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations". The School expects such expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies to be immaterial.

Pursuant to the Charter School contract with the School District, the District withholds an administrative fee of 2% of the qualifying revenues of the School. For the year ended June 30, 2015, administrative fees withheld by the School District totaled \$30,060.

#### Note 7 - Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the School carries commercial insurance. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past years. In addition, there were no reductions in insurance coverage from those in the prior year.

#### Note 8 - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

#### Post-retirement Benefits

The School provides a defined contribution 401(k) plan sponsored through ADP TotalSource Group, Inc. covering employees who meet certain age and tenure requirements. Under the ADP Total Source Retirement Savings Plan, the School will provide a match of 50% up to 4% of employee compensation. Contributions to the plan were \$11,223 for the year ended June 30, 2015. The school does not exercise any control or fiduciary responsibility over the plan's assets.

#### Note 9 – Subsequent Events

As of July 1, 2015, the School moved to utilizing a government money market mutual fund as an investment vehicle for it excess deposit funds. A government money market mutual fund invests exclusively in obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government and its agencies and instrumentalities and in repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities. All balances held under the repurchase agreement as of June 30, 2015 have been moved to this new vehicle.

	REQUIRI	ED SUPPLEMEN	TARY INFORM	ATION	
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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

Tor the year chaca suite 30, 2013						
			G	General Fund		
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	
REVENUES State passed through local Charges and other revenue	\$	3,697,646 -	\$	3,745,000 12,000	\$	3,748,426 12,104
Total Revenues		3,697,646		3,757,000		3,760,530
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction		1,610,000		1,610,000		1,609,668
Instructional Staff Training		7,000		7,000		6,105
Board		50,000		48,000		47,230
School Administration		720,000		718,000		717,701
Fiscal Services		95,000		93,000		93,000
Central Services		100,000		100,000		99,852
Operation of Plant		945,000		942,000		941,967
Maintenance of Plant		78,420		77,000		76,927
Community Services		11,000		10,800		10,580
Total Current Expenditures		3,616,420		3,605,800		3,603,030
Excess of Revenues						
Over Current Expenditures		81,226		151,200		157,500
Debt Service:						
Redemption of Principal		-		-		-
Capital Outlay		80,000		1,365,771		1,365,771
Other Capital Outlay						
Total Capital Outlay and						
Debt Service Expenditures						1,365,771
Total Expenditures		3,696,420	1	4,971,571		4,968,801
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,226		(1,214,571)	-	(1,208,271)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Other financing sources (uses)				690,000		687,330
Transfers in (out)		-		27,000		28,535
Receipts from long term receivables				500,000		498,321
Net change in fund balance		1,226		2,429		5,915
Fund Balance at beginning of year		430,730		430,730		430,730
Fund Balance at end of year	\$	431,956	\$	433,159	\$	436,645

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue 1					und		
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual			
REVENUES		_						
State capital outlay funding	\$	185,250	\$	240,000	\$	241,498		
Federal sources		355,000		355,000		353,669		
Lunch program		25,000		16,000		17,466		
Total Revenues	<del></del>	565,250		611,000		612,633		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction		163,000		123,000		122,125		
Food services		217,000		221,000		220,475		
Operation of Plant		185,250		240,000		241,498		
Total Current Expenditures		565,250		584,000		584,098		
Excess of Revenues								
Over Current Expenditures		-	w	27,000		28,535		
Capital Outlay						-		
Total Expenditures		565,250		584,000	<u></u>	584,098		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		<b></b>		27,000		28,535		
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in (out)				<u></u>		(28,535)		
Net change in fund balance		-		27,000		-		
Fund Balance at beginning of year						-		
Fund Balance at end of year	\$		\$	27,000	\$	-		

#### Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

An annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Amendments to the budget can only be made with the approval of the Board of Directors.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms Miami, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms (the "School") as of, and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2015.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms in a separate management letter dated August 31, 2015 pursuant to Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Purpose of this report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB Draver GP

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of Directors of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms Miami, Florida

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Somerset Academy at Silver Palms as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2015.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General

#### Other Reports and Schedules

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosure in those reports, which are dated August 31, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

#### **Prior Audit Findings**

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Refer to Status of Prior Year Findings and Recommendations

#### Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Somerset Academy at Silver Palms.

#### **Financial Condition**

Sections 10.854(1)(e)2, Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not Somerset Academy at Silver Palms has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy at Silver Palms did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

396 Alhambra Circle, Suite 900, Coral Gables, FL 33134 • Tel: 305.446.3022 • Fax: 305.446.6319 www.hlbgravier.com

#### Financial Condition (Continued)

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Somerset Academy at Silver Palms. It is management's responsibility to monitor Somerset Academy at Silver Palms's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same. We have applied such procedures as of the fiscal year end and no deteriorating financial condition has been noted.

#### Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7 and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether Somerset Academy at Silver Palms maintains on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that Somerset Academy at Silver Palms maintained on its Web site the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

#### Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

#### Status of Prior Year Findings and Recommendations

#### ML 14-01 – INTERNAL ACCOUNT

#### Observation

During the testing of internal account activity, we noted various exceptions regarding documentation and procedures for deposits. The exceptions included recap sheets that did not agree to the deposit slip, missing recap sheets, missing receipts to support reimbursements to teachers and recap sheets that were not signed by the teacher.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that personnel be properly trained on procedures governing the School's internal account.

#### Status

During the current year audit, it was determined that procedures were properly followed.

#### Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, School Board of Miami-Dade County, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HLB DrawillP

Coral Gables, Florida August 31, 2015